6508K CHECKLIST

Leave in Airplane

PREFLIGHT INSPECTION

CABIN

- (1) Pilot's Operating Handbook AVAILABLE IN THE AIRPLANE
- (2) Control Wheel Lock -- REMOVE.
- (3) Ignition Switch -- OFF.
- (4) Avionics Power Switch -- OFF
- (5) Master Switch -- ON.
- (6) Fuel Quantity Indicators -- CHECK QUANTITY.
- (7) Avionics Cooling Fan CHECK AUDIBLY FOR OPERATION
- (8) Master Switch -- OFF.
- (9) Static Pressure Alternate Source Valve (If Installed) OFF
- (10) Baggage Door -- CHECK for security, lock with key if child's seat is to be occupied.

EMPENNAGE

- (1) Rudder Gust Lock -- REMOVE.
- (2) Tail Tie-Down -- DISCONNECT.
- (3) Control Surfaces -- CHECK freedom of movement and security.

RIGHT WING Trailing Edge

(1) Aileron -- CHECK freedom of movement and security.

RIGHT WING

- (1) Wing Tie-Down -- DISCONNECT.
- (2) Main Wheel Tire -- CHECK for proper inflation.
- (3) Before first flight of the day and after each refueling, use sampler cup and drain small quantity of fuel from fuel tank sump quick-drain valve to check for water, sediment and proper fuel grade (Blue).
- (4) Fuel Quantity -- CHECK VISUALLY for desired level.
- (5) Fuel Filler Cap -- SECURE and vent unobstructed.

NOSE

- (1) Engine Oil Level -- CHECK. 6 qts. Normal Do not operate with less than 5 qts. Fill to 7 qts. for extended flights only.
- (2) Before first flight of the day and after each refueling, pull out strainer drain knob for about four seconds to clear fuel strainer of possible water and sediment. Check strainer drain closed. If water is observed, the fuel system may contain additional water, and further draining of the system at the strainer, fuel tank sumps, and fuel selector valve drain plug will be necessary.
- (3) Propeller and Spinner -- CHECK for nicks, security and oil leaks.
- (4) Landing Lights -- CHECK for condition and cleanliness.
- (5) Carburetor Air Filter -- CHECK for restrictions by dust or other foreign matter.
- (6) Nose Wheel Strut and Tire -- CHECK for proper inflation.
- (7) Nose Tie-Down DISCONNECT
- (8) Static Source Openings (both sides of fuselage) -- CHECK for stoppage.

LEFT WING

- (1) Main Wheel Tire -- CHECK for proper inflation.
- (2) Before first flight of the day and after each refueling, use sampler cup and drain small quantity of fuel from fuel tank sump quick-drain valve to check for water, sediment, and proper fuel grade (Blue).
- (3) Fuel Quantity -- CHECK VISUALLY for desired level.
- (4) Fuel Filler Cap -- SECURE and vent unobstructed.

LEFT WING Leading Edge

- (1) Pitot Tube Cover REMOVE and check opening for stoppage.
- (2) Fuel Tank Vent Opening -- CHECK for stoppage.
- (3) Stall Warning Vane Opening CHECK for stoppage. To check the system, place a clean handkerchief over the vent opening

and apply suction; a sound from the warning horn will confirm system operation.

(4) Wing Tie-Down -- DISCONNECT.

LEFT WING Trailing Edge

(1) Aileron -- CHECK for freedom of movement and security.

BEFORE STARTING ENGINE

- (1) Preflight Inspection -- COMPLETE.
- (2) Seats, Belts, Shoulder Harnesses -- ADJUST and LOCK.
- (3) Fuel Selector Valve -- BOTH.
- (4) Avionics Power Switch, Electrical Equipment -- OFF.

CAUTION

The avionics power switch must be OFF during engine start to prevent possible damage to avionics.

- (5) Brakes -- TEST and SET.
- (6) Circuit Breakers -- CHECK IN.

STARTING ENGINE

- (1) Mixture -- RICH.
- (2) Carburetor Heat -- COLD.
- (3) Master Switch -- ON.
- (4) Prime -- AS REQ'D (2-4 strokes max., none if engine is warm)
- (5) Throttle OPEN 1/8 INCH
- (6) Propeller Area -- CLEAR.
- (7) Ignition Switch -- START (release when engine starts).
- (8) Oil Pressure CHECK.
- (9) Flashing Beacon and Navigation Lights ON as required
- (10) Avionics Power Switch ON
- (11) Radios ON

Speeds for Normal Operations - Max Weight

/	Takeoff:		
	Normal Climb Out	75-85	KIAS
	Maximum Performance Takeoff, Speed at 50 Feet	57	KIAS
	Enroute Climb, Flaps Up:		
	Normal, Sea Level	.75-85	KIAS
	Normal, 10,000 Feet		
	Best Rate of Climb, Sea Level		
	Best Rate of Climb, 10,000 Feet		
	Best Angle of Climb, Sea Level		
	Best Angle of Climb, 10,000 Feet	67	KIAS
	Landing Approach:	0= ==	14140
	Normal Approach, Flaps Up		
	Normal Approach, Flaps 30°		
	Short Field Approach, Flaps 30°	62	KIAS
	Balked Landing:		
	Maximum Power, Flaps 20°	60	KIAS
	Maximum Recommended Turbulent Air Penetration S		
	2550 Lbs		KIAS
	2150 Lbs		
	1750 Lbs		
	Maximum Demonstrated Crosswind Velocity:		0
	Takeoff	15 KN	OTS
1	Landing		
1	Landing	13 KI	1013

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6508K CHECKLIST

Leave in Airplane

BEFORE TAKEOFF

- (1) Parking Brake SET
- (2) Cabin Doors and Windows -- CLOSED and LOCKED.
- (3) Flight Controls -- FREE and CORRECT.
- (4) Flight Instruments SET
- (5) Fuel Selector Valve BOTH
- (6) Mixture RICH (below 3000 feet).
- (7) Elevator Trim TAKEOFF
- (8) Throttle -- 1700 RPM.
 - Magnetos -- CHECK (RPM drop should not exceed 125 RPM on either magneto or 50 RPM differential between magnetos).
 - b. Carburetor Heat -- CHECK for RPM drop
 - c. Engine Instruments and Ammeter -- CHECK.
 - d. Suction Gage -- CHECK.
- (9) Throttle 1000 RPM or LESS
- (10) Radios Set.
- (11) Flashing Beacon, Navigation Lights and/or Strobe Lights ON as required.
- (12) Throttle Friction Lock -- ADJUST.
- (13) Parking Brake -- Release.

TAKEOFF

NORMAL TAKEOFF

- (1) Wing Flaps -- 0° 20°.
- (2) Carburetor Heat -- COLD.
- (3) Power FULL OPEN
- (4) Elevator Control -- LIFT NOSE WHEEL at 55 KIAS.
- (5) Climb Speed 70-80 KIAS

SHORT FIELDTAKEOFF

- (1) Wing Flaps -- 10°.
- (2) Carburetor Heat -- COLD.
- (3) Brakes APPLY.
- (4) Throttle FULL OPEN
- (5) Mixture RICH (above 3000 feet, LEAN to obtain max RPM)
- (6) Brakes -- RELEASE.
- (7) Elevator Control -- SLIGHTLY TAIL LOW.
- (8) Climb Speed -- 57 KIAS (until all obstacles are cleared).

ENROUTE CLIMB

NORMAL CLIMB

- (1) Airspeed 75-85 KIAS.
- (2) Throttle FULL OPEN
- (3) Mixture RICH (above 3000 feet, LEAN to obtain max RPM)

CRUISE

- (1) Power -- 2100-2540 RPM (no more than 75% power).
- (2) Elevator Trim -- ADJUST.
- (3) Mixture -- LEAN.

DESCENT

- (1) Fuel Selector Valve BOTH
- (2) Mixture ADJUST for smooth operation (full rich for idle power)
- (3) Power -- AS DESIRED.
- (4) Carburetor Heat FULL HEAT AS REQUIRED (to prevent carburetor icing.)

BEFORE LANDING

- (1) Seats, Belts, Shoulder Harnesses -- SECURE
- (2) Fuel Selector Valve -- BOTH.
- (3) Mixture RICH
- (4) Carburetor Heat ON (apply full heat before reducing power).

NORMAL LANDING

- (1) Airspeed 65-75 KIAS (flaps UP).
- (2) Wing Flaps AS DESIRED (0°-10° below 110 KIAS, 10°-30° below 85 KIAS).
- (3) Airspeed 60-70 KIAS (flaps DOWN).
- (4) Touchdown -- MAIN WHEELS FIRST.
- (5) Landing Roll -- LOWER NOSE WHEEL GENTLY.
- (6) Braking -- MINIMUM REQUIRED.

SHORT FIELD LANDING

- (1) Airspeed 65-75 KIAS (flaps UP).
- (2) Wing Flaps FULL DOWN (30°).
- (3) Airspeed 62 KIAS (until flare).
- (4) Power REDUCE to idle after clearing obstacle.
- (5) Touchdown -- MAIN WHEELS FIRST.
- (6) Brakes APPLY HEAVILY.
- (7) Wing Flaps RETRACT.

AFTER LANDING

- (1) Wing Flaps -- UP.
- (2) Carburetor Heat -- COLD.

SECURING AIRPLANE

- (1) Parking Brake -- SET.
- (2) Avionics Power Switch, Electrical Equipment, Autopilot -- OFF.
- (3) Throttle -- IDLE.
- (4) Mixture -- IDLE CUT-OFF (pulled out).
- (5) Ignition Switch -- OFF.
- (6) Master Switch -- OFF.
- (7) Control Lock - INSTALL.
- (8) Fuel Selector Valve RIGHT to prevent cross-feeding.

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